

ANNUAL REPORT 2017

ABN: 72 119 699 982

Corporate Information

ABN 72 119 699 982

DIRECTORS

Robert Nash - Non-Executive Chairman Luke Atkins - Non-Executive Director Neil Lithgow - Non-Executive Director Zhaozhong Wang – Non-Executive Director

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER & COMPANY SECRETARY

Sam Middlemas

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Patrick Soh

REGESTERED OFFICE

Suite 10, 295 Rokeby Road SUBIACO WA 6008 Telephone +61 8 9200 8200 Facsimile +61 8 9200 8299

Email: admin@bauxiteresources.com.au Web: www.bauxiteresources.com.au

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SHARE REGISTRY

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd Alexandrea House Suite 1, 770 Canning Highway PO Box 535 APPLECROSS WA 6953 Telephone +61 8 9315 2333 Facsimile +61 8 9315 2233

AUDITORS

Moore Stephens Level 15, 2 The Esplanade PERTH WA 6000 Telephone +61 8 9225 5355 Facsimile +61 8 9225 6181

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

ASX Code: BAU



Chairman's Letter to Shareholders 2017

Dear Shareholders,

2017 FINANCIAL YEAR IN REVIEW

The financial year ending 30 June 2017 has been a period of substantially reduced expenditure and operating tempo for the Company in the wake of the termination of our joint venture with Yankuang Group in the prior reporting period. The operational focus of the Company has, accordingly, been:

- (a) to preserve the cash resources of the Company of about \$16.5M by keeping expenditure low including reducing non-executive director fees in recognition of the lower operating tempo of the Company at this time;
- (b) to continue managing the bauxite joint venture with the HD Mining & Investment Pty Ltd ("HD Mining"), the costs of which are 100% funded by HD Mining; and
- (c) undertaking extensive work reviewing numerous potential future projects:
 - a. within the resources industry, including silica sands, gold, and "battery related" mineral projects; and
 - b. outside the resources industry, primarily high tech and medical products opportunities.

A new sub-committee comprising three board members and the CEO was created at the start of the financial year with the sole purpose of regularly assessing new project opportunities and developing strategy for the board's consideration going forward. The sub-committee has met about once every six weeks, depending on what opportunities are under consideration. Despite our enthusiasm, there have been no prospective projects reviewed which we have been satisfied have a strong probability of increasing shareholder wealth. Further, the board has been reluctant to take chances on backing projects outside the resources space unless they are readily understandable and compelling, which none of those reviewed have been.

The more recent focus has been on a number of Silica Sand tenements which have been pegged around GinGin, Albany and Esperance in Western Australia based on historical exploration data. Assessment of the exploration data, logistics and market considerations are being undertaken, along with analytical work with a view to designing a flowsheet with the ultimate goal of achieving a valuable High Purity Quartz product.

The Company continues to actively consider further investment opportunities and further capital management initiatives.

I thank the CEO, Sam Middlemas, for all his work, including his ongoing focus on keeping our costs of operation down. I also thank our small team of staff and my fellow board members for their support during the last financial year.

Finally, I thank you, the shareholders, for your continued support of this Company, and again assure you that your board, together with our committed staff and CEO, are focused on maximising shareholder value and returns as we move forward.

Yours sincerely

Robert Nash Chairman

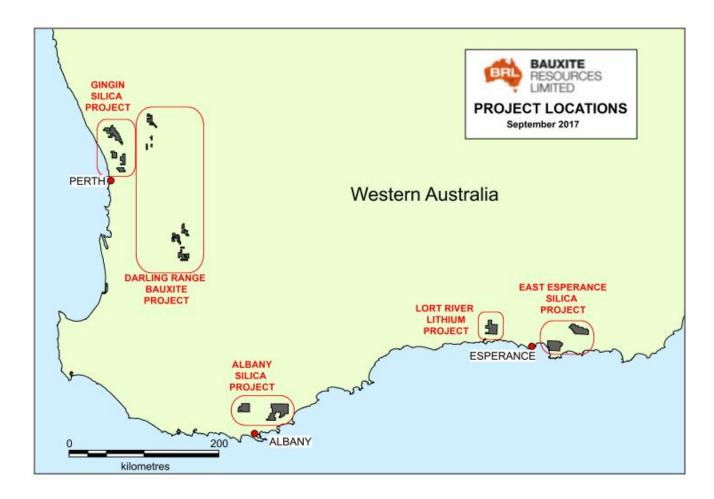
Review of Operations

BAUXITE

Exploration activity by the company and joint venture partners on bauxite projects was limited during the 12 months to 30 June 2017. Fiscal restraints within the Shandong Bureau limited the activity within the HD Mining Joint Venture to minimum levels. Work focussed on reconnaissance drilling, strategic planning and target generation within the HD Mining Joint Venture land holdings to ensure a pipeline of quality bauxite projects is maintained.

BRL and its joint venture partner's total bauxite resources stand at 87.6Mt as at 30 June 2017 (refer to Mineral Resources Table 1 for resources details). BRL considers the current resources have potential for growth and provide opportunities for domestic and export exploitation

Figure 1: BRL Group Project Locations



Key resources, located in the eastern and northern Darling Range, display low reactive silica and high available alumina to reactive silica ratios, making them attractive for refining. The majority of alumina present is the trihydrate mineral gibbsite, which enables cost effective, low temperature extraction.

BRL resources are predominantly located on large private land holdings (typically cleared farmland), in proximity to road and rail infrastructure. Bauxite is shallow, typically with less than 2m of loose overburden, requiring limited pre-stripping, attributes that indicate potential to support long life, low cost bauxite operations.

Athena, Ceres and Dionysus bauxite resources, as described below, are key projects that form part of the joint venture with HD Mining & Investments Pty Ltd (HD Mining). The current joint venture with HD Mining is a Farm-in Agreement that requires HD Mining to fund 100% of all exploration and feasibility costs to earn 60% of the bauxite rights upon a decision to mine.

Athena & Ceres (HD mining JV)

Athena and Ceres consist of deposits located on a number of private land holdings on exploration licences E70/3179, E70/3180 and E70/3890, between the townships of Wandering, Williams and Pingelly, approximately 120km southeast of

The Athena resource was upgraded in July 2014 following a phase of growth drilling taking the resource to 36.2Mt (see ASX announcement 15/07/14).

The 14.8Mt Ceres resource was defined in 2012 (see ASX announcement 30/07/12). BRL completed reconnaissance exploration drilling on extensional areas of the Ceres bauxite resource following removal of the farming crops in early 2017. Results were encouraging and infill drilling of selected areas has been recommended.

Both the Ceres and Athena resources are shallow and display typical bauxite thickness of 1 - 3m and up to 13m. The project area is yet to be constrained by drilling and as such potential remains to further grow these resources. Athena and Ceres make up a combined resource total in the eastern Darling Range in excess of 50Mt, indicating the region has evolved as a major bauxite project area for the Company.

Dionysus (HD mining JV)

Dionysus is located on one private landholding, approximately 100km north east of Perth, and situated in proximity to existing rail infrastructure providing a link to Kwinana Port. In 2015 the Company completed close spaced drilling confirming continuity of grade and bauxite thickness and commenced the collection of baseline environmental data, with the establishment of a small number of water level monitoring bores. BRL completed reconnaissance exploration drilling on extensional areas of the Dionysus bauxite resource in early 2017. Results were encouraging and infill drilling of selected areas has been recommended.

Legend Alumina refinery 20.3Mt BAUXITE RESOURCES LIMITED Darling Range Tenements Alcoa/BHP bauxite State Agreement areas GINGIN BINDOON kilometres Cardéa 3 HD Mining bauxite JV 9.9Mt Cardea 1 & 27 TOODYAY 6.4Mt NORTHAM WUNDOWIE PERTH BEVERLEY BROOKTON MANDURAH PINGELLY Athena 36.2Mt PINJARRA DWELLINGUP Western Australia 14.8Mt

Figure 2: BRL Darling Range tenement holding and resource locations

SILICA

During the financial year, the Company has pegged a number of new tenements north of Perth at Gingin and near the ports of Esperance and Albany, all of which are prospective for high grade silica sand with numerous active and abandoned bulk silica sand operations and historic exploration in close proximity to the leases.

Desktop assessment of historical exploration data, logistics and market considerations has commenced and discussions with several leading analytical laboratories is underway with the ultimate goal to design a flowsheet to enhance the silica sand into valuable High Purity Quartz.

High Grade Silica (99.5-99.8% SiO_2) and high purity silica (>99.95% SiO_2) currently has a wide range of uses and applications. All indications suggest the high grade and high purity silica market is expected to grow strongly in the near future with greater demand from the PV Solar, Electronics, and Speciality Glass industries.

These assessments are expected to continue during the remainder of 2017 before any detailed exploration fieldwork is proposed.



LITHIUM

Lort River Lithium Project

The Lort River Lithium Project (E74/595) is located between Ravensthorpe and Esperance and approximately 120 km east of the Mt Cattlin Lithium Mine in Western Australia, see figure 2 below. The project comprises an exploration licence that covers 68 graticular blocks.

A Geoscience Australia stream sediment sample taken in the south of the tenement returned an elevated lithium value. Publically available soil geochemistry sampling is limited within the tenement however extensive soil geochemistry lithium anomalies exist along structural trends immediately adjacent to the tenement.

Work has continued on the Lort River Lithium project located between Ravensthorpe and Esperance in southern Western Australia. Land access discussions have progressed with key landholders and the desktop assessment of the tenement has been completed. Reconnaissance field work has been planned. An Aboriginal Heritage Agreement has now been finalised and preparations are underway to carry out reconnaissance bedrock mapping during the coming summer field season when the water levels in the Lort River are expected to drop sufficiently to allow good bedrock exposures.

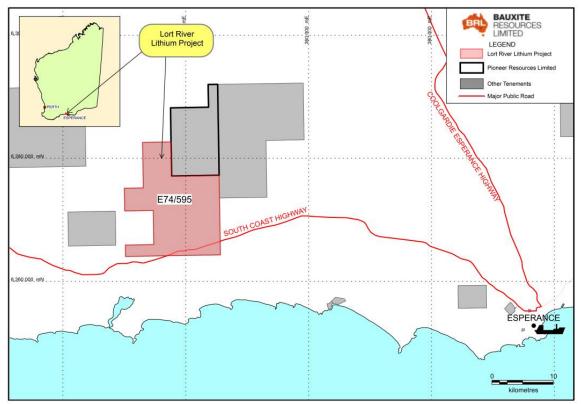


Figure 3: Lort River Lithium Project location

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves

The Company has completed an update to its Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Statement for the twelve months ending June 30, 2017. The Company's total Mineral Resources are estimated at 87.6Mt at an average available alumina grade of 31.9%. There has been no change in total resources as reported in 2016. The Mineral Resource Statement as at 30 June, 2017 is provided in table 1.

JORC Code 2012 and ASX Listing Rules Requirements

This annual statement has been prepared in accordance with the 2012 Edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' (JORC Code 2012).

Information prepared and first disclosed under the JORC 2004 Edition, and not related to a material mining project, and which has not materially changed since last reported has not been updated.

There have been no material changes to material projects for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 5.8 and 5.9 and as such Material Information Summaries or JORC Code 2012 Assessment and Reporting Criteria are not provided with this statement.

The Company advises that this material contains summaries of Exploration Results and Mineral Resources as defined in the JORC Code 2012. JORC compliant Public Reports released to the ASX declaring the exploration results or JORC resources referred to can be viewed on both the ASX and the Company websites, free of charge.

Governance

The annual audit of resources and reserves is carried out internally by the Company. BRL ensures that the Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves reviews are subject to appropriate internal controls, and in line with the Company's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Policy. The estimation procedures are well established and prepared by competent and qualified professionals. All resources are based on well-founded assumptions, and compliant with Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) guidelines.

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this report that relates to exploration results, and to the Mineral Resources Statement as a whole, was compiled by Nick Algie. Mr Algie is a qualified geologist and a full time employee of Bauxite Resources Limited (BRL). He is a shareholder in BRL. Mr Algie is a member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Algie has consented to the inclusion in this report of material in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to specific Mineral Resources is based on and accurately reflects reports prepared or reviewed by the Competent Persons named in Table 1. Mr Senini was an employee of the Company at the time of resource estimation and remains competent person. Mr de la Mare was formerly a full time employee of RungePincockMinarco at the time of resource estimation and remains competent person. Both Mr Senini and Mr de la Mare are members of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and have sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Each Competent Person consents to the inclusion of material in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statements

This report may include forward looking statements. Often, but not always, forward looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward looking words such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies, and objectives of management. Forward looking statements inherently involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the company's actual results, performance and achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance or achievements. Forward looking statements are based on the Company and its management's good faith assumptions relating to the financial, market, regulatory and other relevant environments that will exist and affect the company's business and operations in the future. The Company does not give any assurance that the assumptions on which forward looking statements are based will prove to be correct, or that the Company's business or operations will not be affected in any material manner by these or other factors not foreseen or foreseeable by the Company or management or beyond the Company's control. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements.

Resources as at June 30 2016							Resou	rces as at June	30 2015				
Deposit	Resource Category	Size	Al ₂ O _{3 (total)}	Al ₂ O _{3 (available)}	SiO _{2 (total)}	SiO _{2 (reactive)}	JORC	Competent	Size	Al ₂ O _{3 (total)}	Al ₂ O _{3 (available)}	SiO _{2 (total)}	SiO _{2 (reactive)}
Deposit	nesource category	Mt	%	%	%	%	details	Person	Mt	%	%	%	%
Fortuna	Indicated								6.3	40	34	5.7	1.9
Fortuna	Inferred								33.9	38.5	31.8	5.6	1.7
BRL 10	0% sub-total								40.2	38.8	32.1	5.6	1.8
	Measured								122.7	39.9	31.6	7.7	1.7
Felicitas	Indicated								77.1	39.6	31.0	9.8	2.2
	Inferred								28.2	38.9	30.6	10.5	2.3
Cardea 3 (BAJV)	Indicated								4.7	42.5	31.1	11.6	3.2
Cardea 3 (BAJV)	Inferred								9.5	41.0	30.1	12.6	3.5
Minerva	Inferred								2.2	38.7	28.9	20.3	3.9
	Indicated								7.6	44.6	33.1	12.1	3.7
Aurora	Inferred								1.8	41.8	30.6	15.9	4.6
Rusina	Inferred								3.7	40.3	29.1	15.7	5.3
Juturna	Inferred								8.2	40.2	29.9	23.1	3.9
Cronus	Inferred								2.8	39.3	28.3	13.3	2.8
BAJ\	/ sub-total								268.5	39.9	31.2	9.8	2.2
Athena	Inferred	36.2	41.8	32.8	18.1	2.8	2012	1	36.2	41.8	32.8	18.1	2.8
Dionysus	Inferred	20.3	42.1	32.6	12.0	3.4	2012	1	20.3	42.1	32.6	12.0	3.4
Cardea (1&2)	Inferred	6.4	41.8	29.3	15.7	4.3	2004	2	6.4	41.8	29.3	15.7	4.3
Cardea 3 (HDM)	Indicated	1.5	42.8	30.0	16.8	4.0	2012		1.5	42.8	30.0	16.8	4.0
Cardea 3 (HDIVI)	Inferred	8.4	40.3	28.9	17.0	4.4	2012	1	8.4	40.3	28.9	17.0	4.4
Ceres	Inferred	14.8	41.5	31.7	19.5	3.0	2004	1	15.0	40.9	31.7	19.5	3.0
HDM	1 sub-total	87.6	41.7	31.9	16.6	3.3			87.8	41.6	31.9	16.6	3.3
	Measured								122.7	39.9	31.6	7.7	1.7
Total	Indicated	1.5	42.8	30.0	16.8	4.0			97.2	40.2	31.3	9.9	2.4
	Inferred	86.1	41.7	31.9	16.6	3.2			176.6	40.4	31.3	13.6	2.9
Total Bau	ixite Resources	87.6	41.7	31.9	16.6	3.3			396.5	40.2	31.4	10.9	2.4

Annual Financial Report

For the year ended 30 June 2017

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Directors' Report

Your directors submit their report on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the Group) consisting of Bauxite Resources Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2017.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. Where applicable, all current and former directorships held in listed public companies over the last three years have been detailed below. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

NAMES, QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE AND SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

Robert Nash, B Juris LLB, Public Notary (Non-Executive Chairman)

Mr Nash is a lawyer by profession and currently practises as a barrister. He is presently the Head of WA Navy Reserve Legal Panel. He was a council member of the Law Society of Western Australia for 7 years, a Convenor of the Law Society Education Committee and a member of the Ethics and Professional Conduct Committees.

Mr Nash joined the board before the Company listed in 2008 and, following was appointed Chairman in August 2013.

Mr Nash has not held any other listed company directorships in the last 3 years.

Luke Atkins, LLB (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Atkins previously practised as a lawyer and was the principal of Atkins and Co Lawyers, a Perth based legal firm which he owned and managed for seven years. Mr Atkins brings to the Company extensive experience in capital raising and public listed companies.

Mr Atkins is currently Chairman of ASX listed Altech Chemicals Limited (8 May 2007 to current) and has interests in a number of enterprises including agriculture, property development and hospitality. Mr Atkins was a former director of Reclaim Industries Limited.

Neil Lithgow, MSc, FFin, MAusIMM (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Lithgow is a geologist by profession with over 20 years experience in mineral exploration, economics and mining feasibility studies covering base metals, coal, iron ore and gold.

Mr Lithgow is a non-executive director of Aspire Mining Limited (12 February 2010 to current) and he is a member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Financial Services Institute of Australia.

Mr Lithgow has not held any other listed company directorships in the last 3 years.

Zhaozhong Wang, (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Wang is the representative from the Company's substantial shareholder, HD Mining & Investments Pty Ltd ("HD Mining"). Mr Wang is managing director of HD Mining which is a subsidiary of Shandong No1 Geo-mineral Exploration Institute at the Shandong Bureau of Geology in China and is based in Perth, Western Australia.

He is a qualified senior geologist who graduated from the Geological Science Institute of Shandong Jianzhu University in June 1991. He has been involved in geological exploration and survey and was previously in charge of the following Chinese projects: Pingdu Hill Gold, Dawenkou Mazhuang county Gypsum Project, Shandong Longkou Liangjia Coal Project and Laizhou Sanshan Island Gold Project.

He has accumulated geological experience in the Chinese mining industry including gold, copper, coal, iron, gypsum and bauxite.

Mr Wang has not held any other listed company directorships in the last 3 years.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER & COMPANY SECRETARY

Sam Middlemas, B.Com., PGrad DipBus., CA (Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary)

Sam Middlemas is a Chartered Accountant with over 20 years of commercial experience in the mining and resources sector. Sam was formerly a Non-Executive Director of the ASX Listed Elemental Minerals Limited, including Non-Executive Chairman for 3 years, and formally a Non-Executive Director of the ASX listed Rubicon Resources Limited. He has previously worked or consulted for a number of ASX, TSX and AIM listed Companies, acting in roles including Chief Executive Officer, Non-Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary to a number of listed public companies over the last 20 years.

He was appointed Company Secretary for Bauxite Resources Limited on 6 July 2012, and Chief Executive Officer on 21 October 2015. He also acts as Company Secretary and CFO for Ardea Resources Limited, Alto Metals Limited and Enterprise Metals Limited.

Interests in the shares and options of the Company and related bodies corporate

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors and their related bodies corporate in the shares, options and performance rights of Bauxite Resources Limited were:

	Ordinary Shares
Robert Nash	330,000
Luke Atkins	20,215,767
Neil Lithgow	19,366,666
Zhaozhong Wang ¹	19,700,000

Note 1: Mr Wang is the corporate representatives of HD Mining and Investment Pty Ltd, who is the holder of shares in the Company.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

OPERATING REVIEW

The Company's main activities during the year focussed on exploration through the Bauxite managed HD Mining Joint Venture ("HDMI") where Bauxite resources at 30 June 2017 stood at 87.8 million tonnes (see table 1 for resource details).

There was also a focus on identifying new opportunities, with work on the Lithium tenement acquired in 2016 in the Esperance region commenced. A number of Silica Sands tenements were pegged during the period around GinGin, Albany and Esperance with preliminary work commencing through the review of old workings. There were no other significant changes in the nature of the Group's activities during the year.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group has recorded a loss for the period after income tax for the year ended 30 June 2017 of \$498,466 (2016: \$4,337,884 profit).

Included in the operating profit was expenditure on exploration totalling \$369,898 compared to \$506,009 in the year ended 30 June 2016. The group does not capitalise exploration expenditure, but writes off the full amount of expenditure incurred each year.

Employment Benefits expense declined from \$890,530 in 2016 to \$262,385 in the 2017 year. This is a reflection of reduced staff numbers, as the Company moved to ensure costs were properly contained in line with activity levels during the year.

The Group earned \$433,059 in interest revenue in the year compared to \$678,716 in 2016, a 36% decline that is largely reflective of the company's lower cash balance and decline in interest rates over the course of the past two financial years. The average rate earned on investments during the year was 2.59%, compared to an average rate of 2.75% in 2016. The Group's cash balances also reduced by \$400,189 over the course of the year.

The Group ended the financial year with cash reserves of \$16,535,956 (2016: \$16,936,145).

The Cash Flow Statement on page 27 of this Annual Financial Report sets out details of the use of these cash funds and the Group's operating cash flows were able to deliver cost reductions though out the year.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared during the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

	2017	2016
Basic earnings per share (cents)	(0.2)	2.0
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	(0.2)	2.0

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

The Company continues to explore for additional bauxite resources within its existing tenements and more particularly through the HD Mining Joint Venture.

It is also looking for other business opportunities to better utilise its cash resources.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

The Company believes that it is crucial for all Board members to be a part of this process, and as such the Board has not established a separate risk management committee.

The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board. These include the following:

- Board approval of a strategic plan, which encompasses strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk.
- Implementation of Board approved operating plans and budgets and Board monitoring of progress against these budgets.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

There has not been any matters or circumstance that have arisen since 30 June 2017 which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the consolidated group in future financial years.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is subject to environmental regulation in respect to its exploration activities. The Group aims to ensure the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of and is in compliance with all environmental legislation. The directors of the Group are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the year under review.

REMUNERATION REPORT

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Α Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- В Service agreements
- C Details of remuneration
- D Share-based compensation
- Ε Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel
- F Performance based remuneration
- G Loans to key management personnel
- Н Other transactions with key management personnel
- Additional information

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Α Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of the Company has been designed to align director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's financial results. The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and directors to run and manage the Company.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for Board members and senior executives of the Company is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed by the Board. All executives receive a base salary, which is based on factors such as responsibilities and experience. The executives of the Company outside the directors are also eligible to participate in the Company's Performance Rights Plan as approved by Shareholders in November 2013. The Board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options. The policy is designed to attract and retain the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth. No bonuses or incentives were paid during the year however staff we awarded shares under the shareholder approved Performance Rights Plan.

The Australian based executive directors and executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which was 9.5% in 2016/2017, and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Options or rights are valued using the Black Scholes or binomial option pricing methodology.

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$600,000). Fees for non-executive directors were \$20,000 per annum with additional fees payable for membership of other board related committees. The fees are not linked to the performance of the Group, however, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

Company performance, shareholder wealth and directors' and executives' remuneration

Historically, a number of performance rights have been granted to key management personnel and are linked to the company performance through market based performance conditions – there were none on issue during the current financial year. Details on the proportion of remuneration is detailed in Part F of the remuneration report.

The following table shows the gross revenue, losses and earnings per share for the current and prior year.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Revenue	856,586	1,122,462
Net profit/(loss)	(498,466)	4,337,884
Earnings per share (cents)	(0.2)	2.0

В **Service agreements**

The details of service agreements of the key management personnel of Bauxite Resources Limited and the Group are as follows:

Contracted key management personnel are engaged on standard commercial terms.

Luke Atkins - Consultancy agreement.

- Term of agreement Commenced 1 July 2016, subject to a 3 months' written notice period.
- Monthly retainer fee of \$12,500 for providing business and projects counsel and advice to the Company as and when requested.

Sam Middlemas – Chief Executive Officer – Consultancy agreement.

- Term of agreement Commenced 19 October 2015, subject to a 3 months' written notice period.
- Monthly minimum retainer fee of \$14,400 for providing Chief Executive Officer Services
- Company has provided an interest free loan of \$200,000 to reimburse the purchase of shares in Bauxite Resources Limited to be repaid earlier of 19 October 2019, or sale of shares, or within 3 months of Consultancy agreement being terminated.

Contracted key management personnel are engaged on standard commercial terms.

C **Details of remuneration**

Details of the remuneration of the directors, the key management personnel of the Group (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) and specified executives of Bauxite Resources Limited and the Bauxite Resources Group are set out in the following table.

The key management personnel of Bauxite Resources Limited and the Group include the directors and company secretary as per pages 11 and 12 above.

The Chief Executive Officer has full authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. The Exploration Manager has authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the exploration activities of the Group. The Chief Financial Officer has responsibility for planning directing and controlling the financial affairs of the Group, as directed by the Board. Given the size and nature of operations of Bauxite Resources Limited and the Group, there are no other employees who are required to have their remuneration disclosed in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

Key management personnel and other executives of Bauxite Resources Limited and the Group

		Short-Term		Post- employment benefits	Share-based Payments		Total
	Salary & Fees	Subsidiary Board and committee fees	Consultancy Fees	Superannua- tion	Performance Rights	Termination Benefits	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2017 Non-Executive Directors							
Robert Nash	50,000	20,000	-	6,650	-	-	76,650
Luke Atkins	20,000	20,000	150,000	3,800	-	-	193,800
Neil Lithgow	20,000	20,000	-	3,800	-	-	43,800
Zhaozhong Wang	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	20,000
Key Management Personnel							
Sam Middlemas ³	-	-	172,800	-	-	-	172,800
Nick Algie 4	164,000	-	-	15,580	-	-	179,580
Patrick Soh	-	-	32,500	-	-	-	32,500
Total Remuneration	274,000	60,000	355,300	29,380	-	-	719,130
2016 Non-Executive Directors							
Robert Nash	100,000	-	120,000	9,500	-	-	229,500
Luke Atkins	40,000	22,307	-	5,919	-	-	68,226
Neil Lithgow	40,000	-	-	3,800	-	-	43,800
Zhaozhong Wang	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Cunliang Lai 1	22,307	-	-	-	-	-	22,307
Executive Directors							
Peter Canterbury ²	180,380		-	29,104	(10,227)	187,500	386,757
Key Management Personnel							
Sam Middlemas ³	-	-	154,725	-	-	-	154,725
Nick Algie ⁴	152,041		-	15,742	6,764	-	174,547
Patrick Soh	-	-	61,925	-	-	-	61,925
Mark Menzies 5	69,226	-	-	8,323	-	21,418	99,007
Total Remuneration	643,994	22,307	336,650	72,388	(3,463)	208,918	1,280,794

Notes:

- (1) Mr Lai resigned on 21 January 2016.
- (2) Mr Canterbury resigned on 21 October 2015.
- (3) Mr Middlemas was appointed to replace Mr Canterbury as CEO from 21 October 2015.
- (4) Mr Algie was appointed to replace Mr Menzies as Exploration Manager from 6 November 2015.
- (5) Mr Menzies resigned on 6 November 2015.

Share-based compensation

Options or performance rights may be issued to directors and executives as part of their remuneration. The options are not issued based on performance criteria, but are issued to certain directors (determined by the Board) and executives of Bauxite Resources Limited to increase goal congruence between executives, directors and shareholders. Performance rights are issued with specific performance criteria required to be achieved. The Company does not have a formal policy in relation to the key management personnel limiting their exposure to risk in relation to the securities, but the Board actively discourages key personnel management from obtaining mortgages in securities held in the Company.

The following options and performance rights were granted to or vested with key management personnel during the past 3 years (Please see section E(iii) regarding vesting or expiry of rights):

	Grant Date	Granted Number	Vested Number as at 30 June 2017	Date vesting or vested and exercisable	Expiry Date	Exercise Price (cents)	Value per option at grant date (cents)	Exercised Number
2017								
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2016								
Nick Algie ¹	17/12/2013	102,600	102,600	Refer 1 below	31/07/2014	N/A	8.1	102,600
	17/12/2013	86,400	25,920	Refer 1 below	31/07/2015	N/A	8.4	25,920
	17/12/2013	81,000	81,000	Refer 1 below	31/07/2016	N/A	8.4	81,000
Peter Canterbury ²	14/11/2013	2,000,000	2,000,000	Refer 2 below	20/05/2016	N/A	4.3	2,000,000

Notes:

- (1) Rights subject to performance criteria prior to 30 June 2014 for rights expiring 31 July 2014; 30 June 2015 for rights expiring 31 July 2015 and 30 June 2016 for rights expiring 31 July 2016. During the year, the third tranche of 81,000 performance rights were converted to fully paid ordinary shares on 13 August 2016 following performances hurdles being achieved.
- (2) The Company's market capitalisation averaging over a period of 60 consecutive days of trading a daily average of not less than \$54.56M (amended from \$70M and approved at the AGM on the 7 November 2014); and completing 24 months of continuous employment with the Company to 20 May 2015. 2,000,000 performance shares were vested upon Mr Canterbury's resignation according to employment contract.

Ε Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

(i) Option holdings

There were no options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Bauxite Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Group (2016: Nil), including their personally related parties.

No Directors or key management personnel hold options in the Company.

(ii) Shareholdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Bauxite Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as compensation.

Ordinary shares	Balance at start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
2017				
Directors of Bauxite Resources Limited				
Robert Nash	324,900	-	5,100	330,000
Luke Atkins	19,898,512	-	317,255	20,215,767
Neil Lithgow	19,366,666	-	-	19,366,666
Other key management personnel of the Company				
Sam Middlemas	5,700,000	-	-	5,700,000
Nick Algie	128,520	81,000	-	209,520
2016				
Directors of Bauxite Resources Limited				
Robert Nash	274,900	-	50,000	324,900
Peter Canterbury ¹	100,000	2,000,000	(2,100,000)	-
Luke Atkins	17,417,735	-	2,480,777	19,898,512
Neil Lithgow	19,366,666	-	-	19,366,666

Ordinary shares	Balance at start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
Other key management personnel of the Company				
Sam Middlemas	600,000	-	5,100,000	5,700,000
Nick Algie	102,600	25,920	-	128,520
Mark Menzies ¹	336,800	-	(336,800)	-

⁽¹⁾ Shares deemed to be disposed upon resignation from the Company

No other Directors or key management personnel have shareholdings in the Company.

(iii) Performance Right holdings

The number of performance rights in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Bauxite Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below:

	Balance at start of the year	Granted as compensatio n	Other changes	Balance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested
2017						
Other key management personnel of the Co	ompany					
Nick Algie	81,000	-	(81,000)	-	-	-
2016						
Directors of Bauxite Resources Limited						
Peter Canterbury ¹	4,000,000	-	(4,000,000)	-	2,000,000	-
Other key management personnel of the Co	ompany					
Nick Algie	167,400	-	(86,400)	81,000	25,920	81,000
Mark Menzies	223,200	-	(223,200)	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Mr Canterbury resigned from the Company on 21 October 2015.

No other Directors or key management personnel have performance rights in the Company.

F Performance based remuneration

The relative proportions of those elements of remuneration of key management personnel that are linked to performance:

	Fixed remuneration		Remuneration link	ed to performance
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Directors of Bauxite Resources Limited				
Robert Nash	100%	100%	-	-
Luke Atkins	100%	100%	-	-
Neil Lithgow	100%	100%	-	-
Zhaozhong Wang	100%	100%	-	-
Cunliang Lai	100%	100%	-	-
John Sibly	100%	100%	-	-
Peter Canterbury	-	102.6%	-	(2.6%)
Other key management personnel of the Company				
Sam Middlemas	100%	100%	-	-
Nick Algie	100%	96.1%	-	3.9%
Patrick Soh	100%	100%	-	-
Mark Menzies	-	100%	-	-

G Loans to key management personnel

The Company provided an interest free loan of \$200,000 to the Chief Executive Officer, Sam Middlemas to reimburse the purchase of shares in Bauxite Resources Limited to be repaid earlier of 19 October 2019, or sale of shares, or within 3 months of Consultancy agreement being terminated. The amount of interest that would have been charged on an arm's-length basis is approximately \$2,500 for the 30 June 2017 financial year.

н Other transactions with key management personnel

Luke Atkins provided business and projects councel and advice to Bauxite Resources Limited during the year under an agreement and was paid a fee of \$150,000 (2016: \$-). This amount paid was on arm's-length commercial terms and is included as part of the compensation.

Robert Nash provided legal services to Bauxite Resources Limited in 2016 under a retainer agreement and was paid a retainer fee of \$120,000. The agreement was terminated on 30 June 2016 and there were no payments made in the current year.

The office premises that the Company rents for its registered office and principal place of business is owned by Non-Executive Director, Luke Atkin's Mother. During the year the Company paid \$50,644 (2016: 24,095) rent and outgoings on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Additional information

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the year the Company held 9 meetings of directors. The attendance of directors at meetings of the Board were:

	Directo	Directors meetings			Committ	ee meetings		
		Audit		udit	Remuneration		Nomination	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
Robert Nash	5	5	2	2	1	1	1	1
Luke Atkins	5	5	2	2	1	1	1	1
Neil Lithgow	5	5	2	2	1	1	1	1
Zhaozhong Wang	5	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SHARES UNDER OPTION

There were no options on issue at the end of the financial year and there were no new options issued, or cancelled during the year.

As at 30 June 2017 there were the Nil (2016 - 120,000) performance rights on issue with 120,000 staff performance rights having converted into fully paid ordinary shares after meeting performance hurdles.

INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During or since the financial year, the Company has paid premiums insuring all the directors of Bauxite Resources Limited against costs incurred in defending proceedings for conduct other than:

- (a) a wilful breach of duty; or
- (b) a contravention of sections 182 or 183 of the Corporations Act 2001,

as permitted by section 199B of the Corporations Act 2001. The total amount of insurance contract premiums paid is \$17,778 (2016: \$24,917).

NON AUDIT SERVICES

The following non audit services were provided by the entity's auditor, Moore Stephens or associated entities. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

All non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;

None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

Moore Stephens received or are due to receive the following amounts for the provision of non-audit services:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Taxation services	4,000	22,667

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3 the Company has elected to publish its corporate governance statement on its website. The corporate governance statement can be found at www.bauxiteresources.com.au/corporate-governance.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 22. Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Robert Nash

Chairman

Perth, 26 September 2017

Table 1 BRI and Partner Bauxite Resources

Deposit & Classification	Size	Al ₂ O _{3 (total)}	Al ₂ O ₃ (available)	SiO _{2 (total)}	SiO ₂ (reactive)	JORC details	Competent Person
	Mt	%	%	%	%	_	_
Athena							
Inferred	36.2	41.8	32.8	18.1	2.8	JORC2012	1
Dionysus							
Inferred	20.3	42.1	32.6	12.0	3.4	JORC2012	1
Cardea 1 & 2							
Inferred	6.4	41.8	29.3	15.7	4.3	JORC2004	2
Cardea 3 (HDM)							
Indicated	1.5	42.8	30.0	16.8	4.0	JORC2012	1
Inferred	8.4	40.3	28.9	17.0	4.4	JORC2012	1
Ceres							
Inferred	14.8	41.5	31.7	19.5	3.0	JORC2004	1
HDM sub-total	87.8	41.6	31.9	16.6	3.3		
Total Indicated	1.5	42.8	30.0	16.8	4.0		
Total Inferred							

Note: The Competent Persons are as follows.

- (1) Graham de la Mare
- (2) Peter Senini

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT

The information in this report that relates to specific Mineral Resources is based on and accurately reflects reports prepared by the Competent Persons named in Table 1. Mr Senini was an employee of the Company at the time of resource estimation and remains competent person. Mr de la Mare was employed by RungePincockMinarco. All the Competent Person's named are members of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and have sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'.

The information in this report that relates to exploration results, and to the Mineral Resources Statement as a whole, was compiled by Nick Algie. Mr Algie is a qualified geologist and a full time employee of Bauxite Resources Limited (BRL). He is a shareholder in BRL and is entitled to participate in BRL's employee performance plan, details of which are included in BRL's 2017 Remuneration Report. Mr Algie is a member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Algie has consented to the inclusion in this report of material in the form and context in which it appears.

The Company advises that this Report contains summaries of Mineral Resources as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' ("JORC Code"). The JORC compliant Public Reports released to the ASX declaring the exploration results or JORC resources referred to can be viewed on both the ASX and the Company websites, free of charge.

Information prepared and first disclosed under the JORC 2004 Edition, and not related to a material mining project, and which has not materially changed since last reported has not been updated.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimate in the relevant market announcement continue to apply.

Auditors' Independence Statement

MOORE STEPHENS

Level 15, Exchange Tower, 2 The Esplanade, Perth, WA 6000 PO Box 5785, St Georges Terrace, WA 6831

> T +61 (0)8 9225 5355 F +61 (0)8 9225 6181

www.moorestephens.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE *CORPORATIONS ACT 2001* TO THE DIRECTORS OF BAUXITE RESOURCES LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2017, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit, and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

NEIL PACE PARTNER MOORE STEPHENS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Moore Stephens

Signed at Perth this 26th day of September 2017.

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other **Comprehensive Income**

Year Ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	Consolidated Group	
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Recoupment of exploration costs	4	246,873	302,28
Other income	4	176,654	139,59
Interest income	4	433,059	678,71
Employee benefits expense		(262,385)	(890,530
Exploration expenses as incurred		(369,898)	(506,009
Administration expenses		(559,845)	(1,052,812
Litigation settlement		-	
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(169,562)	(740,412
Impairment of property, plant & equipment		-	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets		6,638	106,28
Share-based payments expense	26	-	12,20
Profit / (loss) before income tax	5	(498,466)	(1,950,688
Income tax expense	6	-	
Profit / (loss) after income tax expense from continuing operations		(498,466)	(1,950,688
Profit / (loss) after income tax expense from discontinuing operations		-	6,288,57
Profit / (loss) for the period		(498,466)	4,337,88
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		(498,466)	4,337,88
Loss for the period is attributable to:			
Continuing operations		(498,466)	(1,950,688
Discontinuing operations		-	6,288,57
Owners of Bauxite Resources Limited		(498,466)	4,337,88
Earnings per share			
From continuing and discontinued operations:			
Basic earnings per share (cents)		(0.2)	2.
Diluted earnings per share (cents)		(0.2)	2.
From continuing operations:			
Basic earnings per share (cents)		(0.2)	(0.9
Diluted earnings per share (cents)		(0.2)	(0.9
From discontinued operations:			
Basic earnings per share (cents)		-	2.
Diluted earnings per share (cents)			2.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2017

	Notes	Consolidate	d Group
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	16,535,956	16,936,145
Trade and other receivables	8	217,837	177,562
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		16,753,793	17,113,707
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Other financial assets	9	200,000	200,000
Property, plant and equipment	10	2,372,514	2,542,231
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS		2,572,514	2,742,231
TOTAL ASSETS		19,326,307	19,855,938
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11a	59,263	91,041
Provisions	11b	13,920	13,082
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		73,183	104,123
TOTAL LIABILITIES		73,183	104,123
NET ASSETS		19,253,124	19,751,815
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	12	66,641,060	66,631,264
Reserves	13(a)	561,219	571,240
Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)	13(b)	(47,949,155)	(47,450,689)
TOTAL EQUITY		19,253,124	19,751,815

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year Ended 30 June 2017

Consolidated Group	Notes	Issued Ordinary Capital	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2015		78,401,613	690,892	(51,788,573)	27,303,932
Profit for the period		-	-	4,337,884	4,337,884
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	4,337,884	4,337,884
Shares repurchased and cancelled during the period		(1,150,000)	-	-	(1,150,000)
Performance shares converted to ordinary shares		107,452	(107,452)	-	-
Capital returned during the period		(10,715,117)	-	-	(10,715,117)
Transaction costs associated with capital return		(12,684)	-	-	(12,684)
Employee share options issued during the period		-	37,982	-	37,982
Employee share options reversed during the period		-	(50,182)	-	(50,182)
Balance at 30 June 2016		66,631,264	571,240	(47,450,689)	19,751,815
Loss for the period		-	-	(498,466)	(498,466)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	(498,466)	(498,466)
Performance shares converted to ordinary shares		10,021	(10,021)	-	-
Transaction costs associated with share issue		(225)	-	-	(225)
Balance at 30 June 2017		66,641,060	561,219	(47,949,155)	19,253,124

Statement of Cash Flow

Year Ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	Consolidated	d Group
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		364,116	629,014
Payments to suppliers and employees		(851,418)	(2,182,063)
Payments for exploration expenditure		(383,809)	(942,525)
Payment for litigation settlement		-	-
Interest received		434,155	685,461
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24	(436,956)	(1,810,113)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary		-	7,189,410
Recoup/(payment)of security deposit		30,200	328,755
Receipts from sales of property, plant & equipment		6,792	307,691
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	-
NET CASH INFLOW/ (OUTFLOW) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		36,992	7,825,856
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for capital return		-	(10,715,117)
Payment for buyback of shares		-	(1,150,000)
Payment of capital return costs		-	(12,674)
Payment for borrowings		-	(200,000)
Payment for issue of shares		(225)	-
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(225)	(12,077,791)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(400,189)	(6,062,048)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		16,936,145	22,998,193
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	16,535,956	16,936,145

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This financial report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Bauxite Resources Limited and controlled entities ("Consolidated Group" or "Group"). The financial statements were authorized for issue on 26 September 2017 by the directors of the Company.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and issued by the Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("AIFRS"). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report of Bauxite Resources Limited complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, certain classes of property, plant and equipment. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

(b) Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Bauxite Resources Limited ("Company" or "parent entity") as at 30 June 2017 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Bauxite Resources Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'consolidated entity'.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has control. The consolidated entity controls an entity when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

Non-controlling interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the consolidated entity. Losses incurred by the consolidated entity are attributed to the non-controlling interest in full, even if that results in a deficit balance.

Where the consolidated entity loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The consolidated entity recognises the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit or loss.

Associates

Associates are entities over which the consolidated entity has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the share of the profits or losses of the associate is recognised in profit or loss and the share of the movements in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income. Investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the consolidated entity's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment. Dividends received or receivable from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

When the consolidated entity's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any unsecured long-term receivables, the consolidated entity does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The consolidated entity discontinues the use of the equity method upon the loss of significant influence over the associate and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the associate's carrying amount, fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Interests in joint ventures arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Refer to Note 1(b) for a description of the equity method of accounting.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Group's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the consolidated financial statements.

Gains and losses resulting from sales to a joint operation are recognised to the extent of the other parties' interests. When the Group makes purchases from a joint operation, it does not recognise its share of the gains and losses from the joint arrangement until it resells those goods/assets to a third party.

(d) Segment reporting

A business segment is identified for a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is identified when products or services are provided within a particular economic environment subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

(e) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Any consideration deferred is treated as the provision of finance and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets, is the rate inherent in the instrument.

(f) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(g) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases (note 20). Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(h) Impairment of assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

(j) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollectible debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written-off as incurred.

(k) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

Collectability of loans and receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment) is used when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables or in an otherwise timely manner. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the estimated future cash flows. None of the Group's loans and receivables has an applicable interest rate hence the cash flows are not discounted.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement within impairment expenses. When a loan or receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the income statement.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If the Group were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets, comprising principally marketable equity securities, are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date. Investments are designated available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed to the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the income statement within other income or other expenses in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as part of revenue from continuing operations when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary securities classified as availablefor-sale are recognised in equity.

Details on how the fair value of financial investments is determined are disclosed in note 2.

Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through the income statement.

Property, plant and equipment (I)

Property

Freehold land and buildings are carried at historical cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity; all other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment

All plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets excluding freehold land, is depreciated using the reducing balance method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Buildings are depreciated on a straight line basis.

The depreciation rates for each class of depreciable assets are:

Plant & equipment	7-67%	Motor vehicles	25-30%
Buildings	2.5%	Software	30-50%
Exploration equipment	20-67%	Furniture & fittings	10-40%
Computer equipment	20-50%	Leasehold improvements	10-25%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 1(h)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, it is Group policy to transfer the amounts included in other reserves in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

(m) Tenement acquisition and exploration costs

Tenement acquisition and exploration costs incurred are written off as incurred.

(n) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are paid on normal commercial terms.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the balance sheet date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the balance sheet date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Share-based payments

The Group provides benefits to employees (including directors) of the Group in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'), refer to note 26.

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes or binomial option pricing model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of options that, in the opinion of the directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award.

(p) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

The amount expended on the on-market buy-back of shares is debited to the share capital account to the extent of share capital available. Should the amount expended on on-market share buy-backs exceed the amount of available share capital, the remainder will be debited against distributable reserves.

(q) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(r) Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(s) New and amended accounting policies adopted by the group

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

(t) New accounting standards for application in future periods

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2017. The consolidated entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the consolidated entity, are set out below.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments and associated Amending Standards (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments and simplified requirements for hedge accounting.

The key changes that may affect the Group on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of AASB 9 will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial instruments.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, as deferred by AASB 2015-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Effective Date of AASB 15).

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to revenue with a single, principles-based model. Except for a limited number of exceptions, including leases, the new revenue model in AASB 15 will apply to all contracts with customers as well as non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers and potential customers.

The core principle of the Standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services. To achieve this objective, AASB 15 provides the following five-step process:

- identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract(s);
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract(s); and
- recognise revenue when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied.

The transitional provisions of this Standard permit an entity to either: restate the contracts that existed in each prior period presented per AASB 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (subject to certain practical expedients in AASB 15); or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application to incomplete contracts on the date of initial application. There are also enhanced disclosure requirements regarding revenue.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of AASB 15 will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

AASB 16: Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117: Leases and related Interpretations. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases.

The main changes introduced by the new Standard include:

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets);
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116: Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease; and
- additional disclosure requirements.

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108 or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of AASB 16 will impact the Group's financial statements, however the impact is not expected to be significant.

AASB 2014-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, as deferred by AASB 2015-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128).

This Standard amends AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements with regards to a parent losing control over a subsidiary that is not a "business" as defined in AASB 3 to an associate or joint venture, and requires that:

- a gain or loss (including any amounts in other comprehensive income (OCI)) be recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture;
- the remaining gain or loss be eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment in that associate or joint venture; and
- any gain or loss from remeasuring the remaining investment in the former subsidiary at fair value also be recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in the associate or joint venture. The remaining gain or loss should be eliminated against the carrying amount of the remaining investment.

The application of AASB 2014-10 will result in a change in accounting policies for transactions of loss of control over subsidiaries (involving an associate or joint venture) that are businesses per AASB 3 for which gains or losses were previously recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest.

The transitional provisions require that the Standard should be applied prospectively to sales or contributions of subsidiaries to associates or joint ventures occurring on or after 1 January 2018. The directors anticipate that the adoption of AASB 2014-10 will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

(u) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are:

Share based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes or binomial option pricing model, using the assumptions detailed in note 26.

Impairment of assets

The Group assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions and events specific to the Group that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using estimated net realisable values which incorporate various assumptions such as current indicative values and expected future cash inflows.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities potentially expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

Risk management is carried out by the full Board of Directors as the Group believes that it is crucial for all Board members to be involved in this process. The Chairman, with the assistance of senior management as required, has responsibility for identifying, assessing, treating and monitoring risks and reporting to the Board on risk management.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

As all operations are currently within Australia, the Group is not exposed to material foreign exchange risk.

(ii) Price risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant price risk.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to movements in market interest rates on cash and cash equivalents. The Group policy is to monitor the interest rate yield curve out to six months to ensure a balance is maintained between the liquidity of cash assets and the interest rate return. The entire balance of cash and cash equivalents for the Group and the parent entity \$16,535,956 (2016: \$16,936,145) is subject to interest rate risk. The proportional mix of floating interest rates and fixed rates to a maximum of six months fluctuate during the year depending on current working capital requirements. The weighted average interest rate received on cash and cash equivalents by the Group and the parent entity was 2.59% (2016: 3.40%).

Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2017, if interest rates had changed by -/+ 80 basis points from the weighted average rate for the year with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for both the Group and the parent entity would have been \$133,888 lower/higher (2016: \$159,737 lower/higher) as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

(b) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Group.

Credit risk is managed through the maintenance of procedures (such procedures include the utilisation of systems for the approval, granting and renewal of credit limits, regular monitoring of exposures against such limits and monitoring of the financial stability of significant customers and counterparties), ensuring to the extent possible, that customers and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment. The consolidated entity has a credit risk exposure with Valdrew Nominees Pty Ltd t/a Nagrom, which as at 30 June 2017 owed the consolidated entity \$36,860 (2016: 39,468 trade receivables). This balance was within its terms of trade and no impairment was made as at 30 June 2017. There are no guarantees against this receivable but management closely monitors the receivable balance on a monthly basis and is in regular contact to mitigate risk.

Risk is also minimised through investing surplus funds in financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating, or in entities that the Board has otherwise cleared as being financially sound. Where the Group is unable to ascertain a satisfactory credit risk profile in relation to a customer or counterparty, the risk may be further managed through title retention clauses over goods or obtaining security by way of personal or commercial guarantees over assets of sufficient value which can be claimed against in the event of any default.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring sufficient cash and marketable securities are available to meet the current and future commitments of the Group. Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. The Board of Directors constantly monitor the state of equity markets in conjunction with the Group's current and future funding requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The financial liabilities of the Group and the parent entity are confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the Balance Sheet. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 12 months of the balance sheet date. Given the relative size of the cash reserves, the Group is not currently exposed to any significant liquidity risk.

(d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION 3.

(a) Summary financial information

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Current assets	16,753,793	17,313,708
Non-current assets	15,975,236	15,766,253
Total assets	32,729,029	33,079,961
Current liabilities	73,183	104,123
Total liabilities	73,183	104,123
Net assets	32,655,846	32,975,838
Shareholders' equity		
Contributed equity	66,641,060	66,631,264
Reserves	561,219	571,240
Accumulated profit/(loss)	(34,546,433)	(34,226,666)
Net equity	32,655,846	32,975,838
(Loss)/profit for the year after tax	(319,767)	(6,874,267)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(319,767)	(6,874,267)

(b) Guarantees entered into by parent entity

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Unconditional performance bonds issued in relation to credit card and rental obligations	-	30,200

The Company has no Guarantees in place.

(c) Contingent Liabilities of parent entity

Details and estimate of maximum amounts of contingent liabilities for which no provision is included in the accounts are as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Unconditional performance bonds issued in relation to credit card and rental obligations	-	30,200

The Company has no contingent liabilities.

(d) Contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment

The Company has no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (2016: Nil).

4. REVENUE

From continuing operations

	Consoli	Consolidated Group	
	2017 \$	2016 \$	
Reimbursement of exploration costs	246,873	302,285	
Other revenue	176,654	139,593	
Interest	433,059	678,716	
	856,586	1,120,594	

5. PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

Expenses

	Consolidated Group	
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Impairment of property, plant & equipment	-	-
Lease payments	53,113	299,306
Exploration expenditure	369,898	506,009

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

		Consolidated Group	
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
(a)	The components of tax expense/(benefit) at 27.5% (2016: 30%) ¹ comprise:		
	Current tax	-	939,808
	Deferred tax	861,491	-
	Over provision for income tax in prior years	(939,808)	-
	Over provision for income tax in prior years – effect of reduction in corporate tax rate	78,317	-
	Losses recouped not previously recognised	-	(939,808)
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income	-	-
(b)	Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense/(benefit) to prima facie tax expense/(benefit):		
	Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	(498,466)	(1,950,688)
	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	-	6,288,572
	Profit/(loss) before income tax expenses/(benefit)	(498,466)	4,337,884
	Prima facie tax expense/(benefit) on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax at 27.5% (2016: 30%) ¹	(137,078)	1,301,365
	Add tax effect of:		
	- Non-allowable items	155	675
	- Revenue losses not recognised	1,306,309	-
		1,169,386	1,302,040
	Less tax effect of:		
	- Non-assessable items	-	3,660
	- Deferred tax balances not recognised	307,895	358,572
	- Over provision for income tax in prior years	939,808	-
	- Over provision for income tax in prior years – effect of reduction in corporate tax rate	(78,317)	-
	- Losses recouped not previously recognised	-	939,808
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and Loss and other comprehensive income	-	-

		Consolidate	ed Group
		2017 \$	2016 \$
(c)	Deferred tax recognised at 27.5% (2016: 30%) 1:		
	Deferred tax liabilities:		
	Accrued interest	(18,593)	(20,611)
	Other	(139)	(231)
	Deferred tax assets:		
	Carry forward revenue losses	18,732	20,842
	Net deferred tax	-	-
(d)	Deferred tax not recognised at 27.5% (2016: 30%) 1:		
	Deferred tax assets:		
	Carry forward losses	13,257,733	13,010,074
	Capital raising and restructuring costs	597,736	983,381
	Property, plant & equipment	-	1,145,836
	Exploration and development	25,369	27,675
	Provisions and accruals	7,678	12,889
		13,888,516	15,179,855

The tax benefits of the above Deferred Tax Assets will only be obtained if:

- the company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be utilised;
- the company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- no changes in income tax legislation adversely affect the company in utilising the benefits.

Tax consolidation

(i) Members of the tax consolidated group

Bauxite Resources Limited and its wholly owned Australian resident subsidiaries have formed a tax consolidated group with effect from 10 June 2008. Bauxite Resources Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated group.

(ii) Tax effect accounting by members of the tax consolidated group

Measurement method adopted under UIG 1052 Tax Consolidated Accounting

The group has applied the Stand-Alone Taxpayer approach in determining the appropriate amount of current and deferred taxes recognised by members of the tax consolidated group. Each entity in the group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities, except for any deferred tax assets resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits and any current tax liability. Deferred tax assets resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits and the current tax liability are assumed and recognised by the parent entity. The group has not entered into any tax sharing or funding agreements.

Note 1: Reduction in corporate tax rate

The corporate tax rate for eligible companies will reduce from 30% to 25% by 30 June 2027 providing certain turnover thresholds and other criteria are met. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the future income year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. The Directors have determined that the deferred tax balances be measured at the tax rates stated.

CURRENT ASSETS - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated Group	
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash at bank and in hand	88,059	413,451
Short-term deposits	16,447,897	16,522,694
Cash and cash equivalents as shown in the balance sheet and the statement of cash flows	16,535,956	16,936,145

8. CURRENT ASSETS - TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Cons	Consolidated Group	
	2017 \$	2016 \$	
Trade debtors	83,	014 23,749	
Sundry receivables		- 30,242	
Accrued interest income	67,	610 68,706	
Prepayments	67,	213 54,865	
	217,	837 177,562	

The class of assets described as "trade and other receivables" is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Group.

The consolidated entity did not consider a credit risk on the aggregate balances after reviewing the credit terms of customers based on recent collection practices.

	Gross Amount	Past due but not impaired (days overdue)			
		< 30	31–60	61–90	> 90
2017					
Trade and debtors	83,014	56,721	-	26,293	-
2016					
Trade and debtors	23,749	4,886	2,663	11,181	-

9. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Consolic	Consolidated Group	
	2017 \$	2016 \$	
Bonds & security deposits & loans receivable	200,000	360,358	
	200,000	360,358	

10. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidat	ed Group
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Plant and equipment		
Cost	1,914,247	2,134,113
Accumulated depreciation	(1,889,062)	(1,948,117)
Net book amount	25,185	185,996
Plant and equipment		
Opening net book amount	185,996	813,414
Sale of the business	-	(13,092)
Depreciation charge	(160,657)	(474,027)
Disposals	(154)	(140,299)
Closing net book amount	25,185	185,996
Motor Vehicles		
Cost	85,023	85,023
Accumulated depreciation	(74,696)	(71,254)
Net book amount	10,327	13,769

Motor Vehicles Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Property and buildings Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book amount Property and buildings Opening net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated mpairment losses Net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount	017 \$	2016
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Property and buildings Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment losses Net book amount Property and buildings Opening net book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	10,327	(52,654
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Cost Accumulated impairment losses Net book amount Property and buildings Opening net book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Software Software Opening net book amount Software Opening opening opening Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Software Opening net book opening Opening net book amount Software Opening opening Opening net book opening Opening net book amount Software Opening opening Opening net book opening Opening net book opening Opening net book amount Opening opening Opening net book opening Opening net book opening Opening net book opening Opening net book opening o		
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Accumulated impairment losses Net book amount Property and buildings Opening net book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Sole of the further than the sole of	(64,313)	(64,313
Net book amount Property and buildings Opening net book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Soloware Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business	(600,000)	(600,000
Property and buildings Opening net book amount Closing net book amount Software Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount	2,325,643	2,325,64
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Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Sole of the business Depreciation charge Depreciation charge Depreciation charge Depreciation charge	2,325,643	2,325,643
Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Software Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the bosh amount Sale of the business		
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Software Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	(250,020)	(248,920
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	1,101	2,20
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge		
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Depreciation charge Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	-	(1,584
Closing net book amount Exploration equipment Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	(1,100)	(4,349
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	1,101	2,201
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge		
Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	180,902	180,902
Net book amount Exploration equipment Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	(171,737)	(167,847
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Depreciation net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	9,165	13,055
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Depreciation charge		
Sale of the business Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge		
Depreciation charge Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	13,055	24,249
Disposals Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	- (2.000)	(3,547
Closing net book amount Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	(3,890)	(6,248
Furniture and Fittings Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	9,165	(1,399 13,05
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	3,103	13,03.
Accumulated depreciation Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge		
Net book amount Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	4,621	4,62:
Furniture and Fittings Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	(3,825)	(3,626
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge	796	995
Opening net book amount Sale of the business Depreciation charge		
Sale of the business Depreciation charge	995	21,268
	-	(5,752
Disposals	(199)	(8,950
	-	(5,571
Closing net book amount	796	995
Computer equipment		
Cost	110,007	110,007
	(109,709)	(109,435
Net book amount	298	572

	Consolidated	Group
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Computer equipment		
Opening net book amount	572	7,682
Sale of the business	-	(258)
Depreciation charge	(274)	(6,585)
Disposals	-	(267)
Closing net book amount	298	572
Leasehold Improvements		
Cost	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
Net book amount	-	-
Leasehold Improvements		
Opening net book amount	-	232,338
Depreciation charge	-	(231,119)
Disposals	-	(1,219)
Closing net book amount	-	-
Total Assets		
Cost	5,535,877	5,755,743
Accumulated depreciation	(2,563,362)	(2,613,512)
Accumulated impairment losses	(600,000)	(600,000)
Net book amount	2,372,515	2,542,231
Total Assets		
Opening net book amount	2,542,231	3,515,396
Sale of the business	-	(31,344)
Depreciation charge	(169,562)	(740,412)
Disposals	(154)	(201,409)
Closing net book amount	2,372,515	2,542,231

Impairment Losses – Property, Plant & Equipment

The directors reviewed the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment with no items requiring write down. In estimating the realisable value of items reference was made to their market prices as a benchmark.

11. CURRENT LIABILITIES

		Consolida	ted Group
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
(a)	Trade and other payables		
	Trade payables	10,289	46,064
	GST and tax liabilities	4,188	54
	Other payables and accruals	44,786	44,923
		59,263	91,041
(b)	Provisions		
	Annual and long service leave provisions		
	Opening balance at 1 July	13,082	79,781
	Additional provisions	21,149	3,518
	Amounts used	(20,311)	(70,217)
	Balance at 30 June	13,920	13,082

The provision represents annual leave and long service leave obligations expected to be settled within 12 months of the balance date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

12. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

			201	17	2016	
		Notes	Number of securities	\$	Number of securities	\$
(a)	Share capital					
	Ordinary shares fully paid	13b, 13d		66,641,060		66,631,264
			_			
	Total contributed equity			66,641,060		66,631,264
(b)	Movements in ordinary share capital					
	Beginning of the financial year		214,302,336	66,631,264	231,897,696	78,401,613
	Issued during the year:		120,000	10,021	2,104,640	107,452
	Capital returned		-	-	-	(10,715,117)
	Bought back		-	-	(19,700,000)	(1,150,000)
	Less: Transaction costs		-	(225)	-	(12,684)
	End of the financial year		214,422,336	66,641,060	214,302,336	66,631,264

		Consolidated Group	
		2017 \$	2016 \$
(c)	Movements in options on issue		
	Beginning of the financial year	-	2,000,000
	Exercised, cancelled or expired during the year:	-	(2,000,000)
	End of the financial year	-	-

(d) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(e) Capital risk management

The Group's and the parent entity's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Group's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Group to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. The Group's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required. The working capital position of the Group at 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 are as follows:

	Consolidated Group		
	2017 \$	2016 \$	
Cash and cash equivalents	16,535,956	16,936,145	
Trade and other receivables	217,837	177,562	
Trade and other payables	(59,263)	(91,041)	
Working capital position	16,694,530	17,022,666	

13. RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES

		Consolidated	l Group
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
(a)	Reserves		
	Share-based payments reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year	571,240	690,89
	Performance shares converted to ordinary shares	(10,021)	(107,452
	Employees and contractors performance rights issued	-	37,98
	Employees and contractors share options lapsed/cancelled	-	(50,182
	Balance at end of year	561,219	571,24
(b)	Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)		
	Balance at beginning of year	(47,450,689)	(51,788,573
	Net profit/(loss) for the year	(498,466)	4,337,88
	Balance at end of year	(47,949,155)	(47,450,689

14. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid during the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

15. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's key management personnel ("KMP") for the year ended 30 June 2017.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the company and the Group during the year are as follows:

	Consolidated Group		
	2017 \$	2016 \$	
Short-term benefits	689,300	1,002,951	
Post-employment benefits	29,380	72,388	
Termination benefits	-	208,918	
Share-based payments	-	(3,463)	
	719,130	1,280,794	

The Company has taken advantage of the relief provided by AASB 2008-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard - Key Management Personnel Disclosures by Disclosing Entities and has transferred the detailed remuneration disclosures to the directors' report. The relevant information can be found in sections A-H of the remuneration report on pages 14 to 19.

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include fees and benefits paid to the non-executive Chair and non-executive directors as well as all salary, paid leave benefits, fringe benefits, consultancy fees and cash bonuses awarded to executive directors and other KMP.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Share-based payments

These amounts represent the expense related to the participation of KMP in equity-settled benefit schemes as measured by the fair value of the options, rights and shares granted on grant date.

16. ASSOCIATES AND JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

On the 21 January 2016, the Company completed sale of the Bauxite Alumina Joint Ventures including the investment in Bauxite Alumina Joint Ventures Pty Ltd and the joint operations Bauxite Resources Joint Venture and Alumina Refinery Joint Venture.

(a) Joint venture - Bauxite Alumina Joint Venture Pty Ltd

The Group had a 50% interest in Bauxite Alumina Joint Venture Pty Ltd, a jointly controlled entity. This Joint Venture entity acted as the Manager of the Joint Operations in (b) and (c) below. The entity received Management Fees for its services. Interests in joint ventures were accounted for using the equity method of accounting. In accordance with AASB 128 Investment in Associates and Joint Venture, the joint venture has a carrying amount of Nil.

(b) Joint operation - Alumina Refinery Joint Venture

The Group had a 10% interest in the Alumina Refinery Joint Venture ("ARJV"), whose principal activity was to determine:

- the feasibility of planning, developing, constructing and operating an Alumina Refinery; and
- ii. if feasible, planning developing, constructing, operating and maintaining the Alumina Refinery.

(c) Joint operation - Bauxite Resource Joint Venture

The Group had a 30% interest in the Bauxite Resource Joint Venture, whose principal activity is exploring the tenements owned by BRL in the Darling Range of Western Australia.

(d) Summarised financial information for joint operations

The Company had determined that the Bauxite Resource Joint Venture and the Alumina Refinery Joint Venture both meet the definition of "joint operation" under IFRS 11. Accordingly the following amounts are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements representing the Group's share of the assets liabilities, income and expenses of the Joint Ventures above:

	Bauxite Resource Joint Venture		Alumina Refiner	y Joint Venture
	2017 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2016 \$
Summarised Financial Performance				
Income	-	1,470	-	398
Expenses	-	(533,420)	-	(5,436)
Net profit / (loss) after tax	-	(531,950)	-	(5,038)

The figures above refer to BRL's share of the assets liabilities, income and expenses of the joint operations as at 30 June 2017.

(e) HD Mining & Investment Pty Ltd

The Group has entered into a Farm-in arrangement with HD Mining & Investment Pty Ltd ("HDMI") to carry out exploration on tenements, and if warranted, to develop and exploit the tenements and carry out mining operations for the purpose of deriving production of Bauxite from them. HDMI has agreed to fund all costs to earn up to a maximum of 60% Participating Interest.

17. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Segment Information

Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Group is managed primarily on the basis of product category and service offerings as the diversification of the Group's operations inherently have notably different risk profiles and performance assessment criteria. Operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.

Reportable segments disclosed are based on aggregating operating segments where the segments are considered to have similar economic characteristics and are also similar with respect to the following:

- the products sold and/or services provided by the segment;
- the manufacturing process;
- the type or class of customer for the products or services;
- the distribution method; and
- any external regulatory requirements

Types of products and services by segment

Exploration

The Group has continued its exploration activities on its tenements.

Bankable feasibility and other studies ii.

The Company has completed studies for the further development of its resources.

iii. Administration & Other

The administration area supports the above exploration and studies segments.

Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

Accounting policies adopted a.

Unless stated otherwise, all amounts reported to the Board of Directors, being the chief decision maker with respect to operating segments, are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent to those adopted in the annual financial statements of the Group.

Inter-segment transactions

An internally determined transfer price is set for all inter-segment sales. This price is reset quarterly and is based on what would be realised in the event the sale was made to an external party at arm's-length. All such transactions are eliminated on consolidation of the Group's financial statements.

Inter-segment loans payable and receivable are initially recognised at the consideration received/to be received net of transaction costs. If inter-segment loans receivable and payable are not on commercial terms, these are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates. This policy represents a departure from that applied to the statutory financial statements.

c. Segment assets

Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to that segment that receives majority economic value from that asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.

d. Segment liabilities

Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is a direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.

Unallocated items e.

The following items of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- Derivatives
- Net gains on disposal of available-for-sale investments
- Income tax expense
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities
- Current tax liabilities
- Other financial liabilities
- Intangible assets
- Discontinuing operations
- Retirement benefit obligations

Segment performance

	Exploration	BFS & other studies	Administration & other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2017				
REVENUE				
Recoupment of exploration costs	246,873	-	-	246,873
Inter-segment sales	-	-	-	-
Interest revenue	-	-	433,059	433,059
Other revenue	12,344	-	164,310	176,654
Total segment revenue	259,217	-	597,369	856,586
Segment net loss before tax	(110,682)	-	(218,222)	(328,904)
Reconciliation of segment result to group net profit/loss before tax	х			
i. Amounts not included in segment result but reviewed by Board				
— Depreciation and amortisation				(169,562)
— Income tax expense				-
Net loss before tax from continuing operations				(498,466)

Segment performance

	Exploration	BFS & other studies	Administration & other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2016				
REVENUE				
Recoupment of exploration costs	302,285	-	-	302,285
Inter-segment sales	-	-	-	
Interest revenue	-		678,716	678,716
Other revenue	-	-	139,594	139,594
Total segment revenue	302,285	-	818,310	1,120,595
Segment net loss before tax	(203,724)	-	(1,006,552)	(1,210,276)
Reconciliation of segment result to group net profit/loss before t	tax			
i. Amounts not included in segment result but reviewed by Board				
— Depreciation and amortisation				(740,412)
— Income tax expense				
Net loss before tax from continuing operations				(1,950,688)

Segment assets

	Exploration	BFS & other studies	Administration & other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2017				
Segment assets	127,930	-	19,198,377	19,326,307
Total group assets			_	19,326,307
30 June 2016				
Segment assets	50,793	-	19,805,145	19,855,938
Total group assets				19,855,938

Segment liabilities

	Exploration	BFS & other studies	Administration & other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2017				
Segment liabilities	2,461	-	70,722	73,183
Total group liabilities				73,183
30 June 2016				
Segment liabilities	4,258	-	99,865	104,123
Total group liabilities				104,123

Major Customers

The Group has one major party that it received monies from in relation to recoupments for exploration costs (seen within the exploration segment above). 100% (2016: 100%) of this item was received from one external entity.

18. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

		Consolidated Group	
		2017 \$	2016 \$
(a)	Audit services		
	Moore Stephens - audit and review of financial reports	22,413	35,993
	Total remuneration for audit services	22,413	35,993
(b)	Non-audit services		
	Moore Stephens – taxation services	4,000	22,667
	Total remuneration for other services	4,000	22,667

19. CONTINGENCIES

The Company is not aware of any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2017 or at the date of this report.

20. COMMITMENTS

		Consolidate	ed Group
		2017 \$	2016 \$
(a)	Exploration commitments		
	The Company has certain commitments to meet minimum expenditure requirements on the mineral exploration assets it has an interest in. Outstanding exploration commitments are as follows:		
	within one year	271,617	365,48
	later than one year but not later than five years	599,355	741,11
	Later than five years	-	
		870,972	1,106,60
(b)	Commercial property lease commitments		
	within one year	12,249	12,04
	later than one year but not later than five years	-	
	Later than five years	-	
	Aggregate lease expenditure contracted for at reporting date but not recognised as liabilities	12,249	12,04
	The property lease is a two year lease cancellable with three months notice and rent payable monthly in advance.		

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

		Consolidat	ed Group
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
(a)	Amounts related to recoupment of expenses/payment on behalf of the JVs		
	Bauxite Alumina Joint Ventures Pty Ltd	-	238,416
	Bauxite Resource Joint Venture	-	8,852
	Alumina Refinery Joint Venture	-	-
		-	247,268
(b)	Amounts related to repayment for expenses paid on behalf by JVs (excluding equity contributions)		
	Bauxite Alumina Joint Ventures Pty Ltd	-	1,900
	Bauxite Resource Joint Venture	-	9,453
	Alumina Refinery Joint Venture	-	-
		-	11,353

22. SUBSIDIARIES

Name	Country of Incorporation	Date of Incorporation	Class of Shares	Equity H	Holding ¹
				2017 %	2016 %
Darling Range Pty Ltd	Australia	10 June 2008	Ordinary	100	100
Braeburn Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	24 July 2007	Ordinary	100	100
Darling Range South Pty Ltd	Australia	13 November 2008	Ordinary	100	100
Darling Range North Pty Ltd	Australia	23 March 2009	Ordinary	100	100
BRL Operations Pty Ltd	Australia	16 February 2009	Ordinary	100	100
BRL Landholdings Pty Ltd	Australia	16 February 2009	Ordinary	100	100
BRL Other Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	25 March 2009	Ordinary	100	100
VA Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	13 February 2009	Ordinary	100	100

Note 1 - The proportion of ownership interest is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

23. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No matters or circumstance have arisen since 30 June 2017 which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the consolidated group in future financial years.

24. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Reconciliation of net profit or loss after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities

	Consolidat	ted Group
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Net profit/(loss) for the year	(498,466)	4,337,884
Non cash Items		
Depreciation and amortisation	169,562	744,579
Share-based payments expense Reclassify security deposit from non-current to current	-	(12,200)
Net (gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(6,638)	(106,281)
Net (gain)/loss on sale of business	-	(6,825,560)
Sale of business working capital movements	-	(335,281)
	(335,542)	(2,166,659)
Movements in working capital, net of effects from purchase of controlled entities		
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade and other receivables	(70,474)	558,434
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade and other payables	(31,778)	(201,888)
Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions	838	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(436,956)	(1,810,113)

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share

	Consolida	ted Group
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Continuing operations	(498,466)	(1,950,688)
Discontinued operations	-	6,288,572
Profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	(498,466)	4,337,884

(b) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator

	Consolida	ted Group
	2017 Number of shares	2016 Number of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS	214,397,678	224,658,920
Weighted average number of dilutive options outstanding	-	1,293,151
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating dilutive EPS	214,397,678	225,952,071

All performance rights on issue are considered anti-dilutive and have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Director Options and the Employees and Contractors Option Plan

The Company provides benefits to employees and contractors of the Company in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees and contractors render services in exchange for options to acquire ordinary shares.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share of the Company with full dividend and voting rights.

Set out below are summaries of the options granted:

		Consolida	ted Group	
	20	017	20	16
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price cents	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price cents
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	2,000,000	40.0
Forfeited/cancelled/expired	-	-	2,000,000	40.0
Outstanding at year-end	-	-	-	-

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the financial year was Nil (2016: Nil). No options were granted during this year.

Performance Rights

Market based vesting conditions were valued using a hybrid share option pricing model that simulates the share price of the Company as at the test date using a Monte-Carlo model. For non-market based vesting conditions no discount was made to the underlying valuation model. No performance rights have been issued in the last three years.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinions of the directors' of Bauxite Resources Limited (the "Company"):

- the financial statements and notes and the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the Directors' Report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; (a)
- the Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2017; and
- note 1 confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Robert Nash Chairman

Perth, 26 September 2017

Independent Audit Report

MOORE STEPHENS

Level 15, Exchange Tower, 2 The Esplanade, Perth, WA 6000 PO Box 5785, St Georges Terrace, WA 6831

> T +61 (0)8 9225 5355 +61 (0)8 9225 6181

www.moorestephens.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BAUXITE RESOURCES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Bauxite Resources Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Independent Audit Report Cont.

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Valuation of Properties and Buildings

Refer to Note 10 "Property, Plant and Equipment"

The Group's book value of property and buildings held as at 30 June 2017 amounted to \$2,325,643. Impairment testing resulted in no revaluation gain/loss recorded in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year.

Other than cash balances, property and buildings is the Group's most significant asset with its value being highly dependent on management's estimates and judgement.

The methodology used in management's assessment incorporated external appraisals performed effective at 30 June 2017 by an external independent valuer as well as consideration of other relevant factors and market conditions. The assessments are dependent on several key assumptions and judgements including highest and best use concepts, comparable market values and discounted cashflow models.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Testing the mathematical accuracy of the valuation models prepared by management
- Evaluation of the independent external appraiser's assumptions, objectivity, competency capabilities
- Assessment of the valuation methodology including the reasonableness of the key assumptions and key inputs used in the valuation model
- Checking the key assumptions use to external market information available and for reasonableness based on our knowledge of the industry
- Considering the potential impact of reasonably possible downside changes in the key assumptions adopted
- Review of disclosures in the financial statements to ensure appropriate and adequate

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Audit Report Cont.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, international omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Independent Audit Report Cont.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report as included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Bauxite Resources Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2017 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

NEIL PACE PARTNER

Neil Pace

MOORE STEPHENS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Moore Stephens

Signed at Perth on the 26th day of September 2017

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows, the information is current as at 14 September 2017:

(a) Voting rights

All ordinary shares (whether fully paid or not) carry one vote per share without restriction.

(b) Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number of holders	Number of shares
1-1,000	23	7,640
1,001 – 5,000	84	297,813
5,001 – 10,000	266	2,398,045
10,001 – 100,000	877	31,788,636
100,001 and over	183	179,930,202
	1,433	214,422,336
The number of equity security holders holding less than a marketable parcel (based on a		
7.0 cents price) of securities are:	131	457,499

(c) Twenty largest shareholders

	Listed ordinary shares	
Holder name	Number of shares	Percentage of ordinary shares
1. HD Mining & Investments Pty Ltd	19,700,000	9.19%
2. Big Fish Nominees Pty Ltd	17,666,666	8.24%
3. Tailrain Pty Ltd (Childrens A/C)	17,016,667	7.94%
4. Jetosea Pty Ltd	16,188,176	7.55%
5. Dilkara Nominees Pty Ltd (Millwood Smith A/C)	12,216,667	5.70%
6. HSBC Custody Nominees Australia Ltd	8,244,071	3.84%
7. Citycorp Nominees Pty Ltd	4,993,972	2.33%
8. One Managed Investments Funds Ltd (1 A/C)	4,852,102	2.26%
9. Middlemas Robert Samuel	4,800,000	2.24%
10. Prometheus Holdings Pty Ltd (Peter Carroll P/F)	3,192,077	1.49%
11. J P Morgan Nominees Australia Ltd	2,762,567	1.29%
12. Williamson T P + Jancey J (Wilian S/F A/C)	2,367,280	1.10%
13. Atkins Annette	2,007,736	0.94%
14. Gee Vee Pty Ltd (Wheeler Farm A/C)	2,000,000	0.93%
15. Arnold Doubikin Pty Ltd	2,000,000	0.93%
16. Dilkara Nominees Pty Ltd (BMS Super A/C)	2,000,000	0.93%
17. Romsup Pty Ltd (Romadak S/F A/C)	1,700,000	0.79%
18. Spectral Inv Pty Ltd (Lithgow Family A/C)	1,700,000	0.79%
19. Custodial Services Ltd (Beneficiaries Holding)	1,645,950	0.77%
20. Middlemas R S & Wolseley (Middlemas S/F A/C)	1,200,000	0.56%
	128,253,931	59.81%

ASX Additional Information Cont.

(d) Substantial shareholders

The names of the substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001 are:

	Number of shares
Annette Atkins, Talrain Pty Ltd (Childrens A/c) & Associates	19,873,512
HD Mining & Investments Pty Ltd	19,700,000
Neil Lithgow and Controlled entities	17,666,666
Tailrain Pty Ltd (Childrens A/C) and Luke Atkins	17,041,667
Jetosea Pty Ltd	15,791,994
Dilkara Nominees Pty Ltd (Millwood Smith A/C)	14,516,667

(e) Schedule of interests in mining tenements

BRL TENEMENTS (100%)

BRL retain 100% interest in the following tenements

Tenement	Location
Lort River Lithium Project (Granted)	
E74/595	Goodenine Pool
Gingin Silica Project (Pending)	
E70/4948	Bambun
E70/4954	Gnangara
E70/4955	Warbrook
E70/4956	Pinjar
Albany Silica Project (Pending)	
E70/4982	Green Range
E70/4983	Narrikup
E70/5014	Redmond West
E70/5015	Redmond East
E70/5016	Redmond South
East Esperance Silica Project (Granted)	
E63/1853	Merivale
E63/1854	Condinup

HD MINING & INVESTMENTS JOINT VENTURE TENEMENTS

The JV requires HD Mining to fund 100% of all exploration and feasibility costs to earn up to 60% of the bauxite rights. HD Mining is currently working towards obtaining 40% interest in the bauxite rights on the tenements below. This will be triggered if HD Mining enters into a binding commitment to undertake a feasibility study on the tenements. Should HD Mining and BRL make a decision to mine, HD Mining will earn an additional 20% interest in bauxite rights. BRL maintains 100% interest in other minerals. At the date of this report BRL still has 100% interest in these tenements.

Tenement	Location
Darling Range Tenement (Granted)	
E70/3160	Toodyay
E70/3405	Victoria Plains
E70/3179	Congelin
E70/3180	Dattening
E70/3890	Wandering